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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/709,973	06/10/2004	Andrew Scott Argersinger	GEMS 0242 PUS	3972
²⁷²⁵⁶ Dickinson Wri	7590 10/31/2007 oht PLLC		EXAM	INER
38525 Woodward Avenue			RAMIREZ, JOHN FERNANDO	
Suite 2000 Bloomfield Hi	lls. MI 48304		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3737	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			10/31/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
,	10/709,973	ARGERSINGER ET AL.					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	John F. Ramirez	3737					
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the o	correspondence address					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailine earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	OATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO 136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be till will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from e, cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. mely filed the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 17 J	<u>luly 2007</u> .						
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☒ Thi	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is							
closed in accordance with the practice under	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 4	53 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims							
4) Claim(s) is/are pending in the applicati	on.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-4, 7-13 and 16-20</u> is/are rejected.	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-4, 7-13 and 16-20</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/	or election requirement.						
Application Papers		,					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examin	er.						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	xaminer. Note the attached Office	e Action or form PTO-152.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:	n priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a	n)-(d) or (f).					
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage							
application from the International Burea	au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
Attachment(s)	_						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)/Mail Date							
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	5) 🔲 Notice of Informal I						
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6)						

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DETAILED ACTION

Response to Arguments

After a review of applicant's remarks, all necessary changes to the claims have been entered. Accordingly, the dependency of claims 7 and 16 have been amended and entered.

Applicant's arguments filed July 17,2007 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive for the following reasons:

The 112 rejection on the final office action dated 11/17/06 was discussed in details in light of the specifications for support in paragraphs 0021 and figure 3, elements 26 and 34. In an interview dated 5/14/07, applicant's representative explained the criticality for the thermo generating element 26 and the non-radiolucent cover 34 surrounding the imaging detector recited in claims 1, 11 and 18 relating to imaging interference. The limitation non-radiolucent cover is not enabling by the disclosure.

In relation to the amended paragraph [0021] in the specifications, the amended phrases "It should be understood that the thermal element 26 may also be configured to surround the surfaces similar to Figure 4 while operating in the fashion described in Figure 5. In this fashion, a non-radiolucent cover may both surround the paddle, and be automatically removed" are considered to be new matter. This was not disclose in the original application or disclosure.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

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The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claims 1, 11, and 18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as based on a disclosure which is not enabling. The phrase "<u>a non-radiolucent cover surrounding said imaging detector bucky</u>" is critical or essential to the practice of the invention, but not included in the claim(s) is not enabled by the disclosure. See *In re Mayhew*, 527 F.2d 1229, 188 USPQ 356 (CCPA 1976). The words "<u>non-radiolucent cover</u>" is not enabled by the disclosure.

Claims 1-4, 7-13 and 16-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the enablement requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to enable one skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention. "a **non-radiolucent cover** surrounding said imaging detector bucky" is critical or essential to the practice of the invention, but is not enabled by the disclosure.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

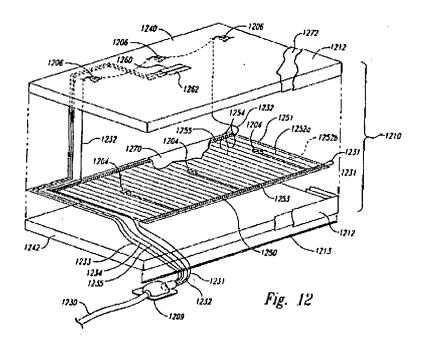
The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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Claims 1-4, 8, 11-13 and 18-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Klawitter et al. (US 5,081,657) in view of Wyatt et al. (US 6,967,309).



The Klawitter et al. patent shows in figures 1 and 2, all the limitations of the claimed subject matter except for mentioning specifically that there is a thermo sensor assembly positioned to monitor temperature at the patient exposure surface, a logic that is in communication with the thermo sensor assembly and the thermo generating element, and said logic adapted to remove power from the thermo generating element.

However, a thermo sensor assembly positioned outside the imaging region to monitor temperature at the patient exposure surface, a logic that is in communication with the thermo sensor assembly and the thermo generating element, and said logic adapted to remove power from the thermo generating element is considered conventional in the art as evidenced by the teachings of Wyatt et al.

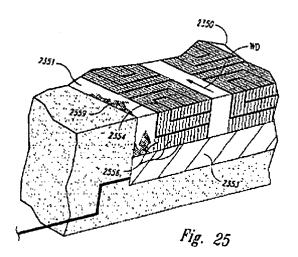
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The Wyatt et al. patent teaches, a thermo sensor assembly positioned to monitor temperature at the patient exposure surface, a logic (fig. 1,120) that is in communication with the thermo sensor (fig. 12,1260, 1262) assembly and the thermo generating element (fig. 12, 1250), and said logic (fig. 1, 120) adapted to remove power from the thermo generating element (col. 18, lines 27-46).

Based on the above observations, for a person of ordinary skill in the art, modifying the method disclosed by Klawitter et al., with the above discussed enhancements would have been considered obvious because such modifications would have enhanced to control the temperature of the heating pad at the patient exposure surface when it exceeds the temperature selected by the operator.

Claims 9, 10 and 17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Klawitter et al. in view of Wyatt et al. (US 6,967,309).



Klawitter et al., teaches all the limitations of the claimed subject matter except for mentioning specifically a thermo generating element that comprises: a heater array

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comprising a conductive polymer coating bonded to a film base and a protective film layer laminated to said film base, and wherein said conductive polymer coating comprises carbon flakes and a polymer.

However, a thermo generating element that comprises: a heater array comprising a conductive polymer coating bonded to a film base and a protective film layer laminated to said film base, and wherein said conductive polymer coating comprises carbon flakes and a polymer is considered conventional in the art as evidenced by the teachings of Wyatt et al.

The Wyatt et al. patent Shows in figures, 24A-D, a thermo generating element that comprises: a heater array (see Fig. 25) comprising a conductive polymer coating bonded to a film (col. 35, line 33-45) base and a protective film layer laminated to said film base, and wherein said conductive polymer coating comprises carbon flakes and a polymer.

Based on the above observations, for a person of ordinary skill in the art, modifying the method disclosed by Klawitter et al., with the above discussed enhancements would have been considered obvious because such modifications would have enhanced the diagnostic system by using a carbon-filled polymer heating element that is radiolucent. As a result, it will not obscure or otherwise impair x-ray images taken of a patient positioned on the heating pad.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to John F. Ramirez whose telephone number is (571) 272-8685. The examiner can normally be reached on (Mon-Fri) 7:00 - 3:30 p.m.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Brian L. Casler can be reached on (571) 272-4956. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

JFR